

“SONO – o principal recuperador”

por Jaime Milheiro MD , ABAARM



SEMINÁRIO
RUMO A TÓQUIO 2020
1 DE ABRIL DE 2019
AUDITÓRIO COP

PROGRAMA

“SONO – o principal recuperador”

por Jaime Milheiro MD, ABAARM

GERAÇÃO MILENAR

TIME
THE
ME ME ME
GENERATION

Millennials are lazy, entitled narcissists who still live with their parents

Why they'll save us all

BY JOEL STEIN

A woman with long red hair, wearing a blue and white striped shirt and green pants, is lying on her stomach on a light blue surface, taking a selfie with a white smartphone.



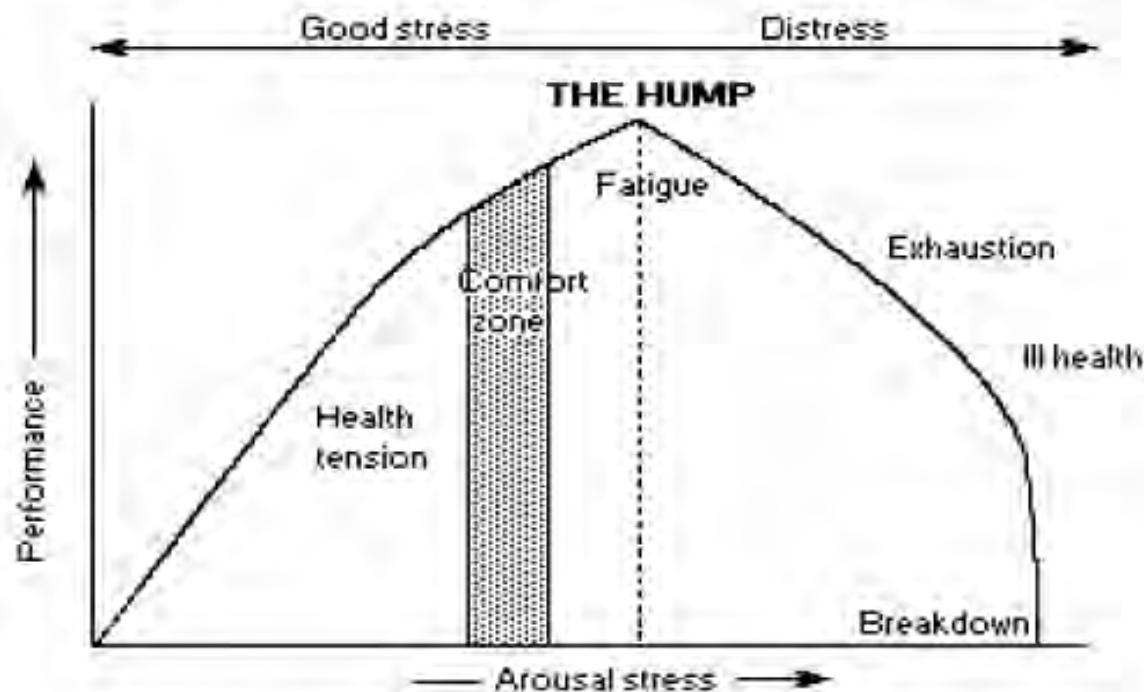
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COMITÉ OLÍMPICO
DE PORTUGAL

THE HUMAN FUNCTION CURVE



Adapted from: Nixon, P: Practitioner, 1979.



Alostasis e estímulo alostático

Alostasis

O saldo da mudança. A adaptação fisiológica aos reais ou percebidos estímulos stressores a fim de melhorar a capacidade de sobrevivência do organismo

Estímulo alostático

O desgaste devido à adaptação crónica ao stress (alostasis), potencialmente causando estrago funcional no organismo



Conceito de allostasis and allostatic load (Eyer & Sterling, 1988, Schulkin 2003)

PRÁTICA DESPORTIVA INADEQUADA

- Resultante do incremento da prática desportiva em idades cada vez mais precoces, associadas ao possível estrelato que a competição pode proporcionar na geração milenar (considerada a mais narcisística da história), a prática desportiva inadequada **pode perder as suas características anabólicas e construtivas, levando entre várias coisas, ao dano físico e mental.**



APOIO MÉDICO-FISIOLÓGICO

- Isso implica uma evidente necessidade crescente do apoio médico-fisiológico e psicológico ao atleta de alto rendimento. Considerando que a linha que separa a fadiga construtiva do overtraining é ténue, a avaliação baseada na interpretação das sensações do atleta corre o risco de falhar redondamente

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NFOR – NON-FUNCTIONAL OVER REACHING

- Nos dias de hoje é fundamental fazer um seguimento físico, mental e bioquímico, indicando o caminho a que o treino nos está a conduzir. É essencial a deteção precoce do denominado *NFOR – Non-Functional Over Reaching*, evitando o declínio físico e mental do atleta.

SONO

- Ritmo circadiano
- Anabolismo hormonal
- Ganho marginal
- Temperatura corporal
- Frequência cardíaca/ Variabilidade FC
- Quantidade/qualidade
- Ciclos de sono



BURNOUT

Overuse Injuries and Burnout in Youth Sports: A Position Statement from the American Medical Society for Sports Medicine

John P. DiFiori, MD, Holly J. Benjamin, MD,† Joel Brenner, MD, MPH,‡ Andrew Gregory, MD,§
Neeru Jayanthi, MD,¶ Greg L. Landry, MD,|| and Anthony Luke, MD, MPH***

(Clin J Sport Med 2014;24:3–20)

Executive Summary

BACKGROUND

- Youth sport participation offers many benefits including the development of self-esteem, peer socialization, and general fitness.
- However, an emphasis on competitive success, often driven by goals of elite-level travel team selection, collegiate scholarships, Olympic and National team membership, and even professional contracts, has seemingly become widespread.
- This has resulted in increased pressure to begin high-intensity training at young ages.
- Such an excessive focus on early intensive training and competition at young ages rather than skill development can lead to overuse injury and burnout.

PURPOSE

- To provide a systematic, evidenced-based review that will:

- Assist clinicians in recognizing young athletes at risk for overuse injuries and burnout.
- Delineate the risk factors and injuries that are unique to the skeletally immature young athlete.
- Describe specific high-risk overuse injuries that present management challenges and/or can lead to long-term health consequences.
- Summarize the risk factors and symptoms associated with burnout in young athletes.
- Provide recommendations on overuse injury prevention.

METHODOLOGY

- Medical Subject Headings (MeSHs) and text words were searched on March 26, 2012, for MEDLINE, CINAHL, and PsychINFO.
- Nine hundred fifty-three unique articles were initially identified. Additional articles were found using cross-referencing. The process was repeated July 10, 2013, to review any new articles since the original search.
- Screening by the authors yielded a total of 208 relevant sources that were used for this paper.
- Recommendations were classified using the Strength of Recommendation Taxonomy (SORT) grading system.

DEFINITION OF OVERUSE INJURY

- Overuse injuries occur due to repetitive submaximal loading of the musculoskeletal system when rest is not adequate to allow for structural adaptation to take place.

Submitted for publication November 2, 2013; accepted November 6, 2013.
From the *Division of Sports Medicine and Non-Operative Orthopaedics, Departments of Family Medicine and Orthopaedics, University of California, Los Angeles, California; †Departments of Pediatrics and Orthopaedic Surgery, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois; ‡Children's Hospital of The King's Daughters, Eastern Virginia School of Medicine, Department of Pediatrics, Norfolk,

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TE

CC

Never Offline.

The Apple Watch is just the start.
How wearable tech will change
your life—like it or not

BY LEV GROSSMAN
AND MATT VELLA



38 >
9 7709281843102



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TEMPOS ACTUAIS – “NEVER OFFLINE”

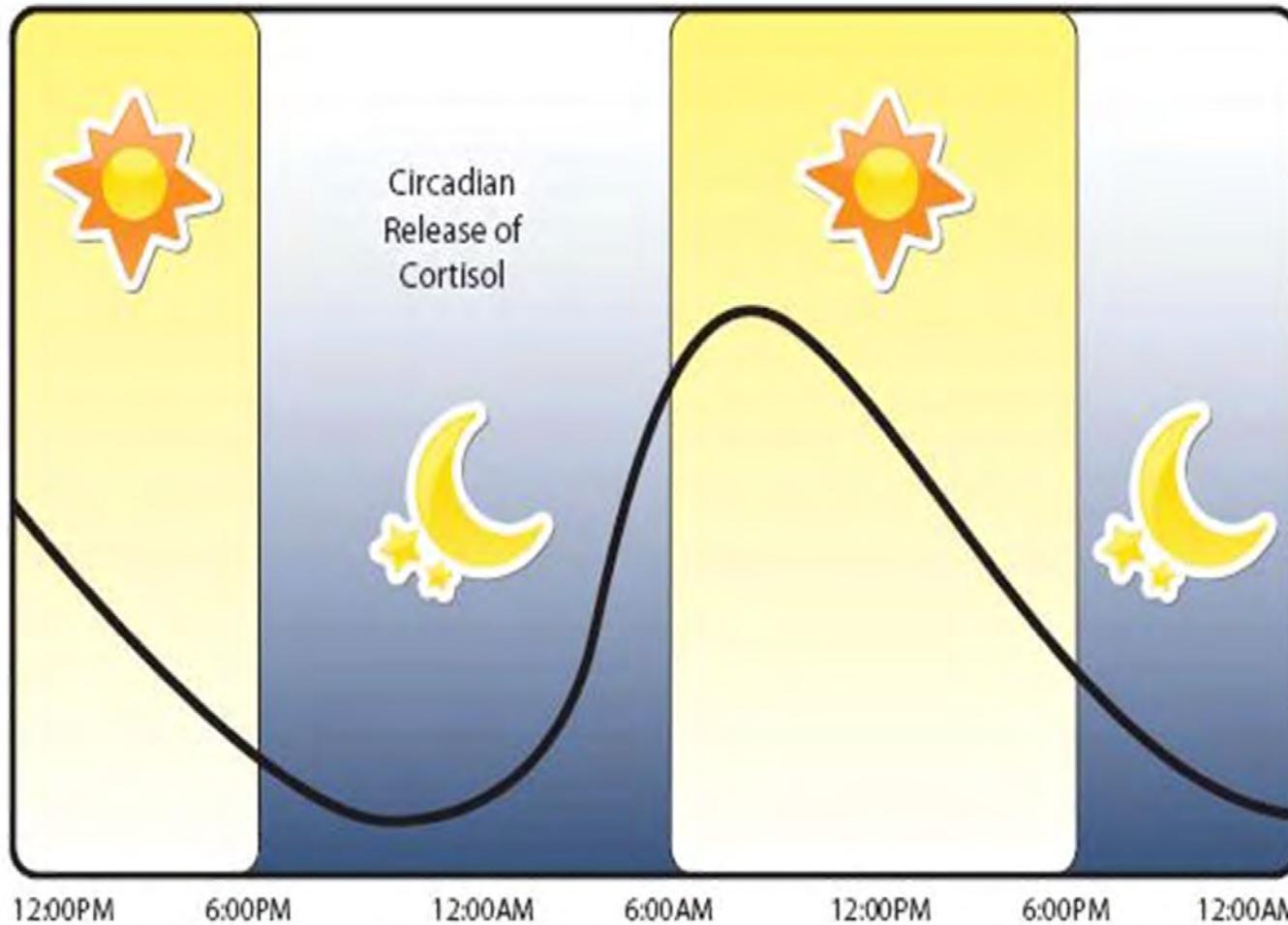
- Os jovens na sociedade de hoje em dia são submetidas a **estilos de vida frenéticos, fatigantes e altamente desequilibradores.**
- Actualmente encontram-se muitos atletas que experimentam ao longo de uma época períodos de stress contínuo, proveniente de distúrbios emocionais (**necessidade de resultados desportivos e escolares**) e de agressões físicas como a **privação do sono, excesso de estimulantes ou cargas extremas sem a devida recuperação.**



“SONO – o principal recuperador”

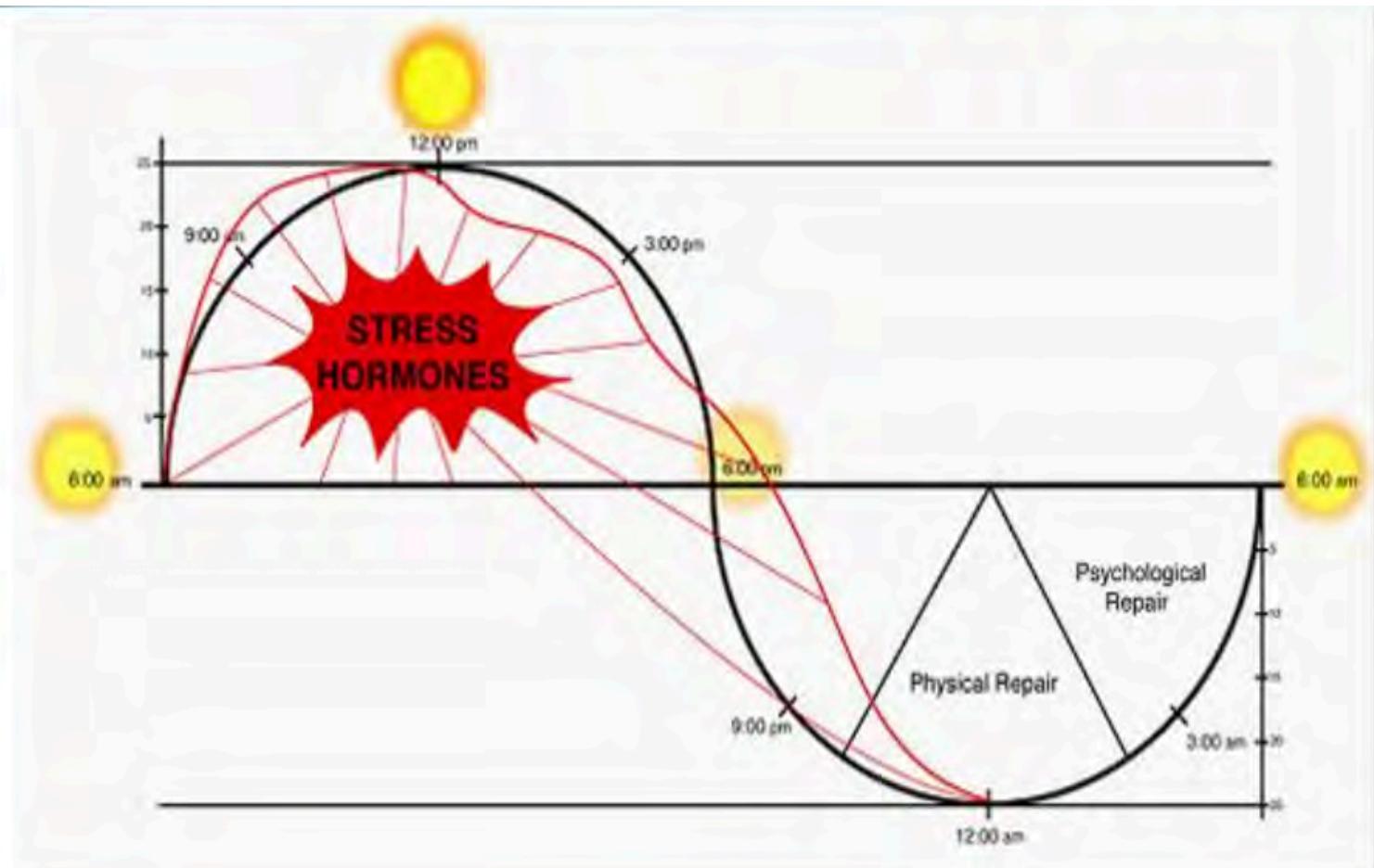
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A Healthy Cortisol Pattern



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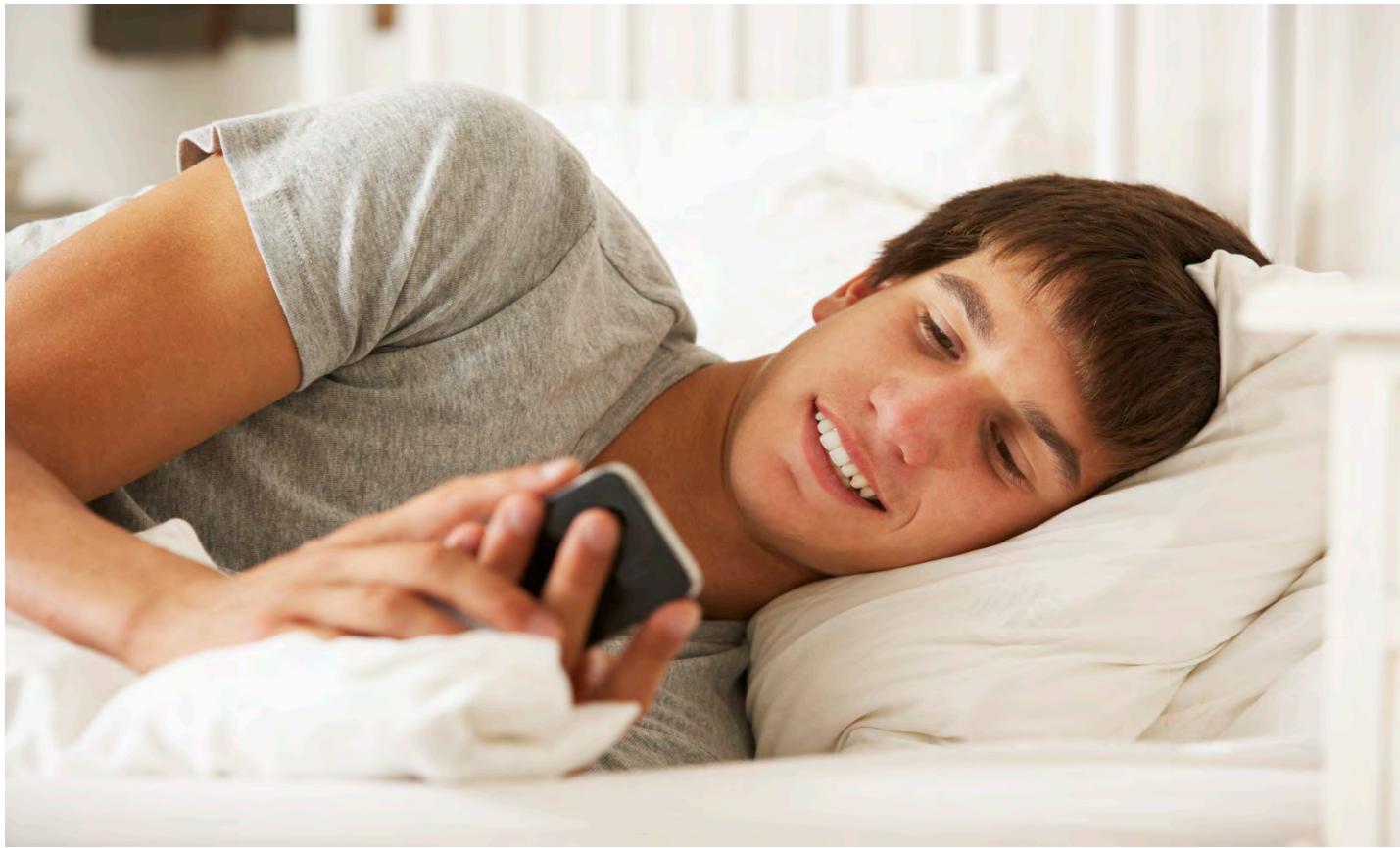
RITMO CIRCADIANO HORMONAL



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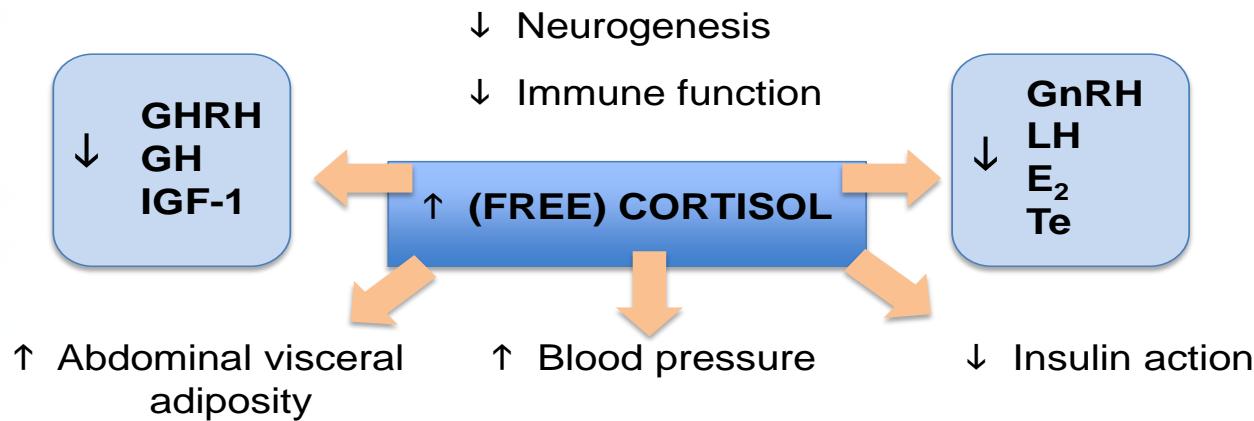
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DISTÚRBIOS DE SONO



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Clinical Effects of Excessive HPA axis Activation



OUTCOMES

(osteopenia, sarcopenia, syndrome X, cognitive decline, immunological compromise)

(fractures, frailty, cardiovascular disease, memory loss, infectious complications)

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Posto: **CMEP**

Médico: **Dr. JAIME MILHEIRO**

Entidade: **ADSE**

Ben. N° **001412930AP**

Nº Mec. **154227**

Análise N° **FL00738**

Data: **2014-09-11**

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Resultado / Unidades

Valores de Referência

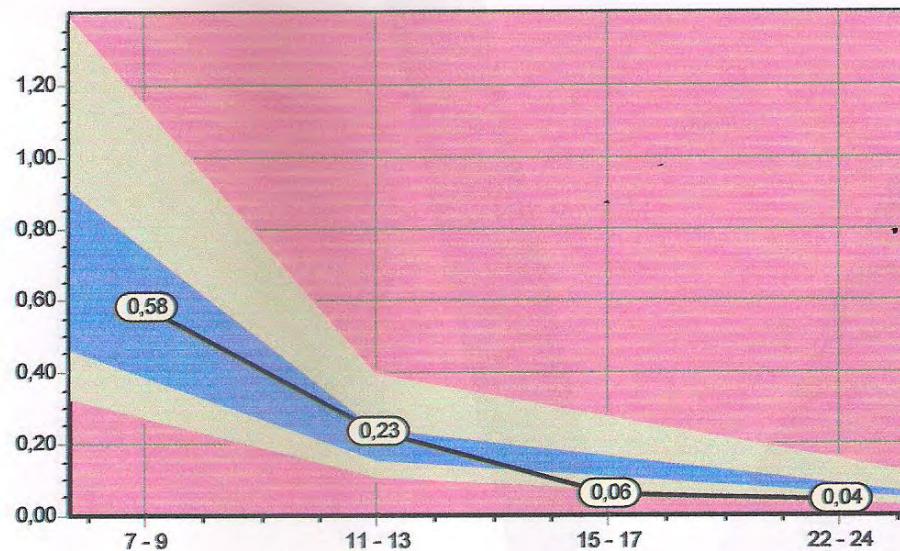
(Resultados Anteriores)

ENDOCRINOLOGIA

29-05-2014

Cortisol salivar (prova)

7 a 9 horas	0.58	mcg/dL	0.27 - 1.18	0.37
11 a 13 horas	0.23	mcg/dL	0.10 - 0.41	0.23
15 a 17 horas	0.06	mcg/dL	0.05 - 0.27	0.15
22 a 24 horas	0.04	mcg/dL	0.03 - 0.14	0.09



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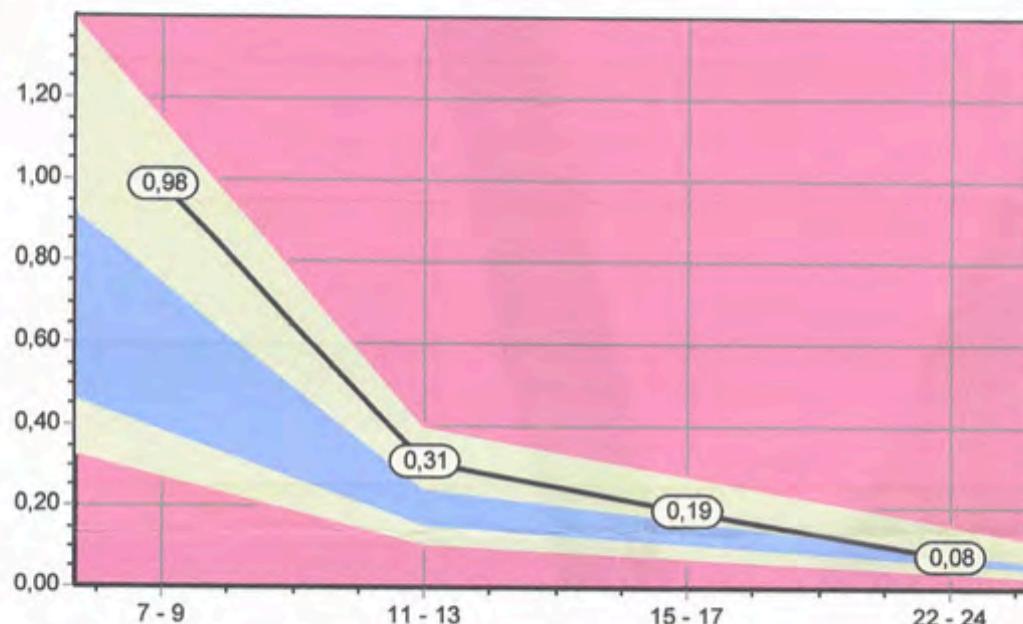
por Jaime Milheiro MD, ABAARM

ENDOCRINOLOGIA

19-05-2017

Cortisol salivar (prova)

7 a 9 horas	0.98	mcg/dL	0.27 - 1.18	0.61
11 a 13 horas	0.31	mcg/dL	0.10 - 0.41	0.31
15 a 17 horas	0.19	mcg/dL	0.05 - 0.27	0.20
22 a 24 horas	0.08	mcg/dL	0.03 - 0.14	0.07



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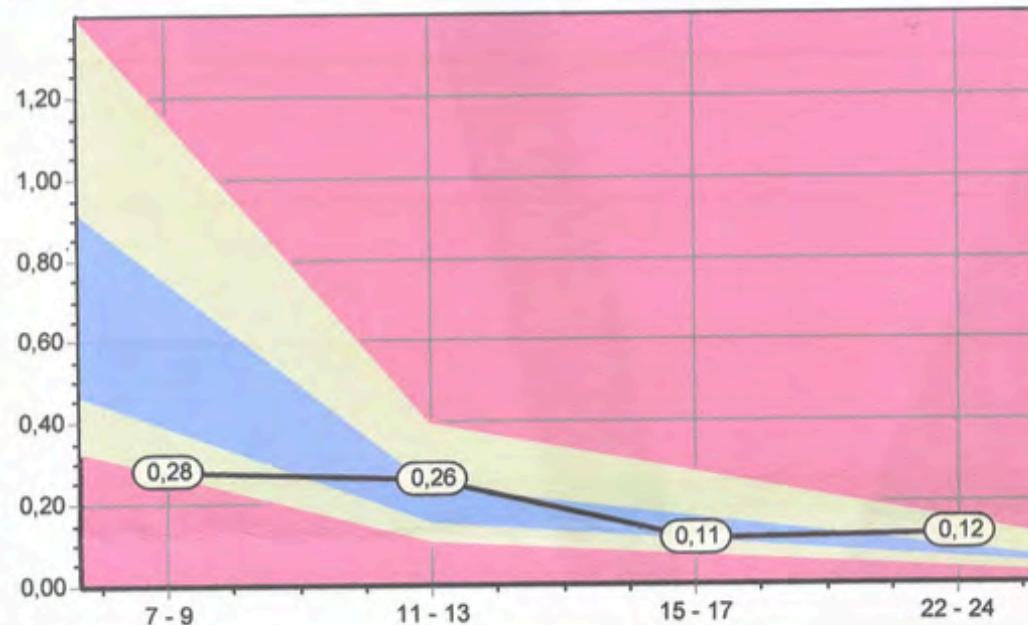
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ENDOCRINOLOGIA

Cortisol salivar (prova)

7 a 9 horas	0.28	mcg/dL	0.27 - 1.18
11 a 13 horas	0.26	mcg/dL	0.10 - 0.41
15 a 17 horas	0.11	mcg/dL	0.05 - 0.27
22 a 24 horas	0.12	mcg/dL	0.03 - 0.14



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Resultado / Unidades

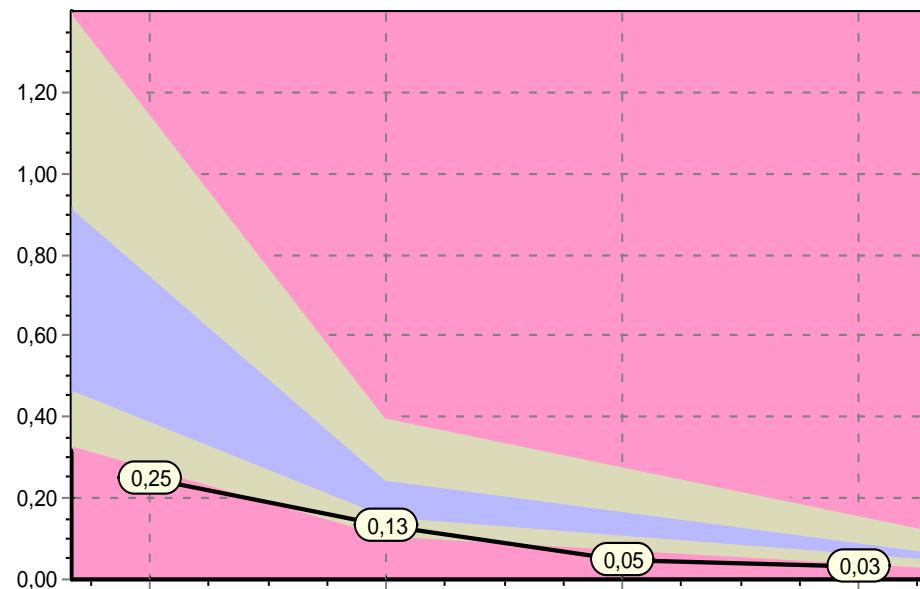
Valores de Referência

(Resultados Anteriores)

ENDOCRINOLOGIA

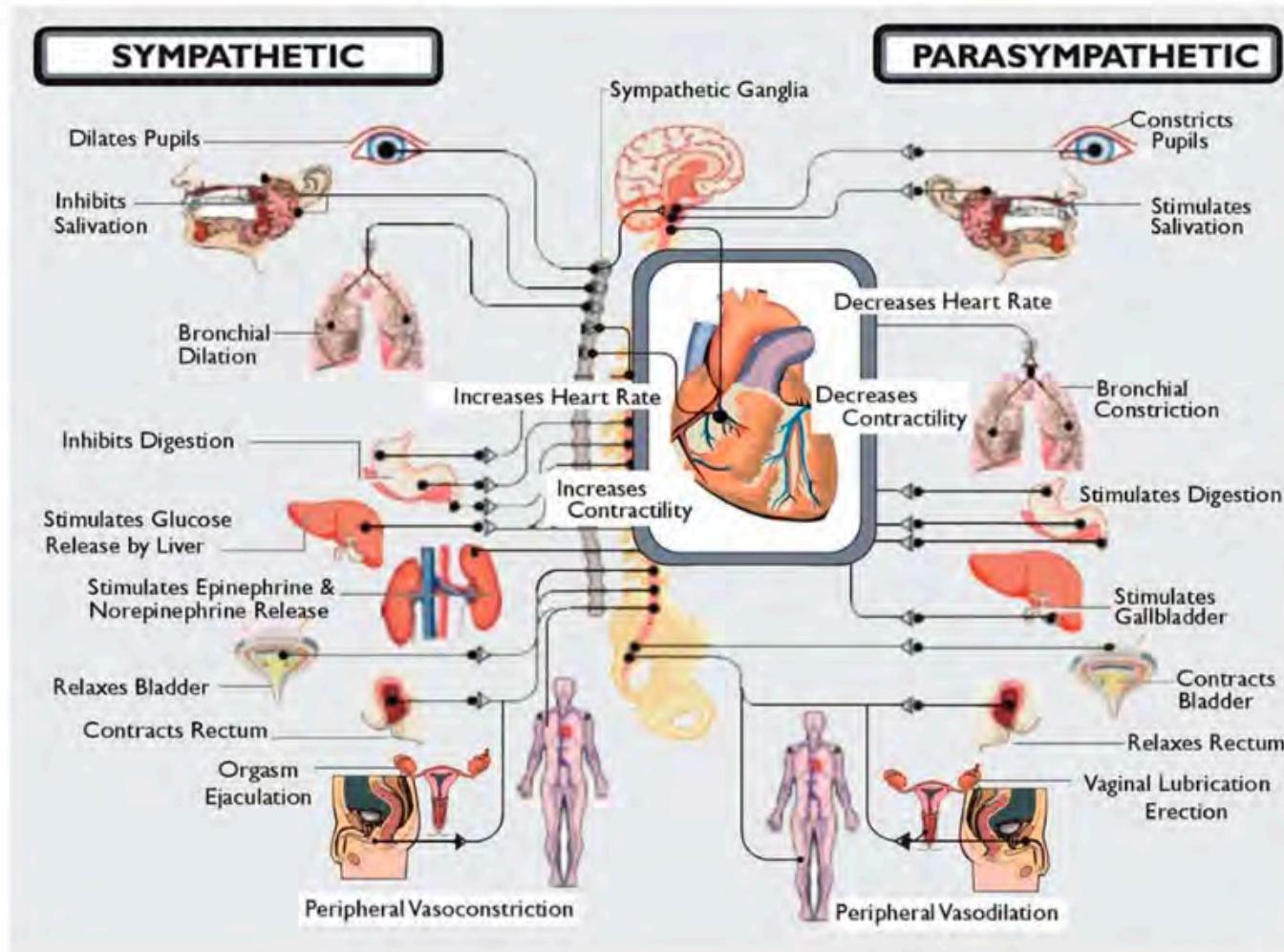
Cortisol salivar (prova)

7 a 9 horas	0.25	mcg/dL	0.27 - 1.18
11 a 13 horas	0.13	mcg/dL	0.10 - 0.41
15 a 17 horas	0.05	mcg/dL	0.05 - 0.27
22 a 24 horas	0.03	mcg/dL	0.03 - 0.14



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HEART RATE VARIABILITY (HRV)

Heart Rate Variability

The inter-beat variability between successive heart contractions

Many regulatory mechanisms affect the heart

Short-term Mechanisms:

- Respiratory System
- Cardiovascular System
- Autonomic Nervous System

Long-term Mechanisms:

- Circadian rhythm
- Body Temperature
- Hormonal patterns
- Cumulative stressors

QRS complex is combination of 3 deflections on a typical ECG/EKG representing ventricular depolarization during a heart contraction



RR Intervals or Inter-beat Intervals (IBI) are time interval between the RR peaks used to calculate HRV

Not just Heart Rate!

Heart Rate (HR) measures the average beats per minute



HRV measures the change in time (or variability) between successive heart beats

Why is there variability?

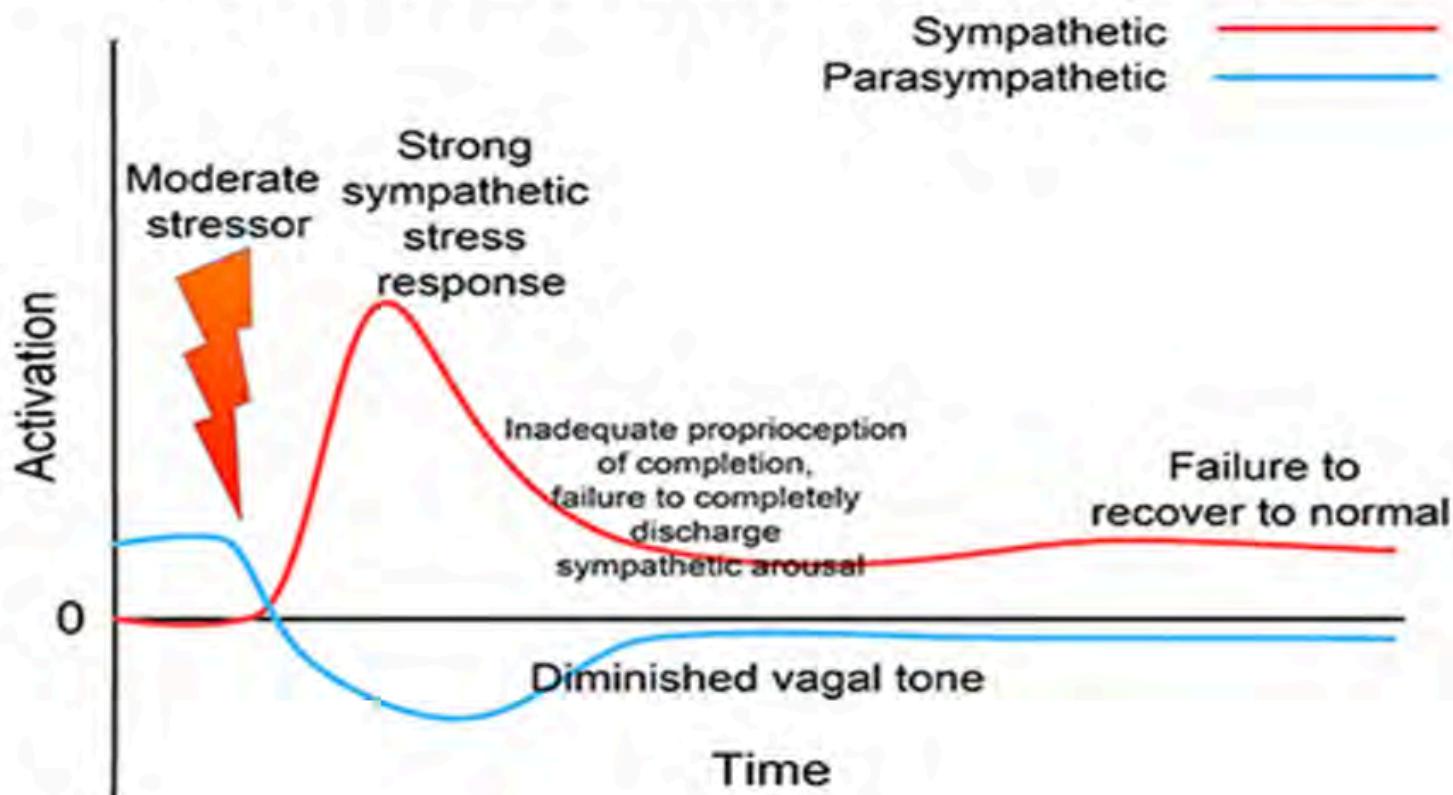
Variability in heart rate is a result of the allostatic (adaptive) processes of the body's response to stimuli or other regulatory processes within the body

Variability is good in biological systems

Heart Rate Variability is an accurate, non-invasive measure of the Autonomic Nervous System and therefore health



Chronic stress response



09:07 ↗



09:12 ↗



9:08 ↗



25 MAR

TUE, 26 MAR

WED, 27 MAR

SLEEP

83

Sleep contributors

TOTAL SLEEP	6h 34m
EFFICIENCY	86%
RESTFULNESS	Good
REM SLEEP	1h 22m, 21%
DEEP SLEEP	1h 6m, 17%
LATENCY	16m
TIMING	Optimal



Home



Readiness



Sleep



Activity

09:12 ↗

Resting heart rate

Daily

Weekly

Monthly

Resting Heart Rate

Resting Heart Rate (RHR) is the number of times your heart beats per minute when you're at rest. It's a reliable measurement of your recovery status, and an important contributor to your readiness.

Normal RHR for adults can range anywhere from 40-100 BPM. Oura evaluates the optimal level for your RHR by studying your data after active days and recovery days for a couple of weeks. Once it knows your normal range, your Readiness Score will start to become more accurate.

For Oura, a RHR slightly below your average is a sign of good readiness. An exceptionally high or low RHR indicates that an easier day may be in order. An intense training day, a late night workout, elevated body temperature, or a heavy meal just before bed can keep your RHR elevated during the night, often resulting to a lowered Readiness score.

To learn more, check out [Heart Rate While Sleeping – Look for These 3 Patterns](#) article in the Oura blog.



Home



Readiness



Sleep

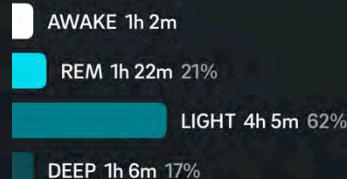


Activity

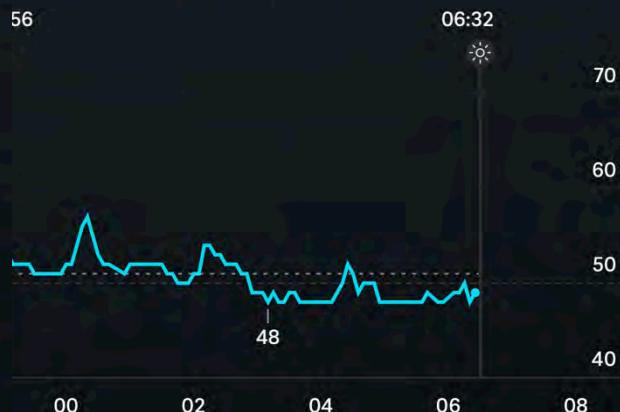
MAR

TUE, 26 MAR

WED, 27 MAR



Resting heart rate



AVERAGE

50 bpm

MIN

48 bpm



Activity

12:20 ↗

12:20 ↗

12:20 ↗

12:20 ↗

10 MAR

MON, 11 MAR

TUE, 12 MAR

10 MAR

MON, 11 MAR

TUE, 12 MAR

10 MAR

MON, 11 MAR

TUE, 12 MAR

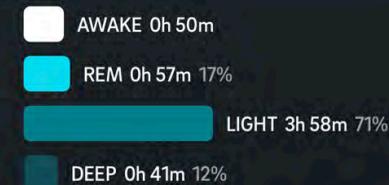
SLEEP

69

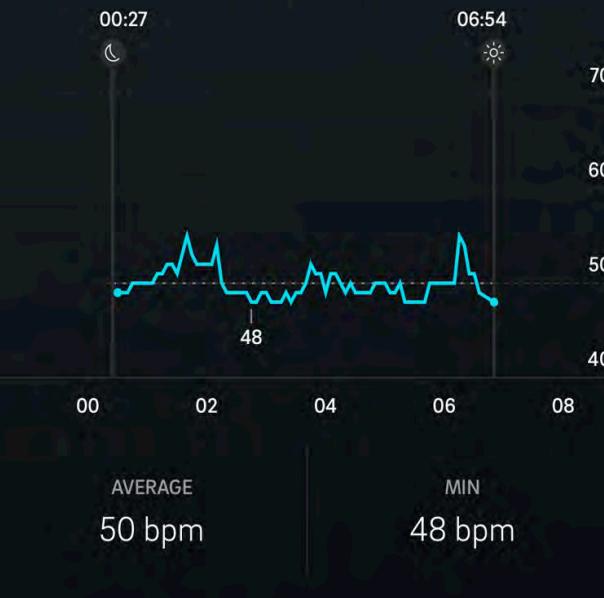
Sleep contributors

TOTAL SLEEP	5h 37m
EFFICIENCY	87%
RESTFULNESS	Good
REM SLEEP	0h 57m, 17%
DEEP SLEEP	0h 41m, 12%
LATENCY	2m
TIMING	Good

Sleep stages



Resting heart rate



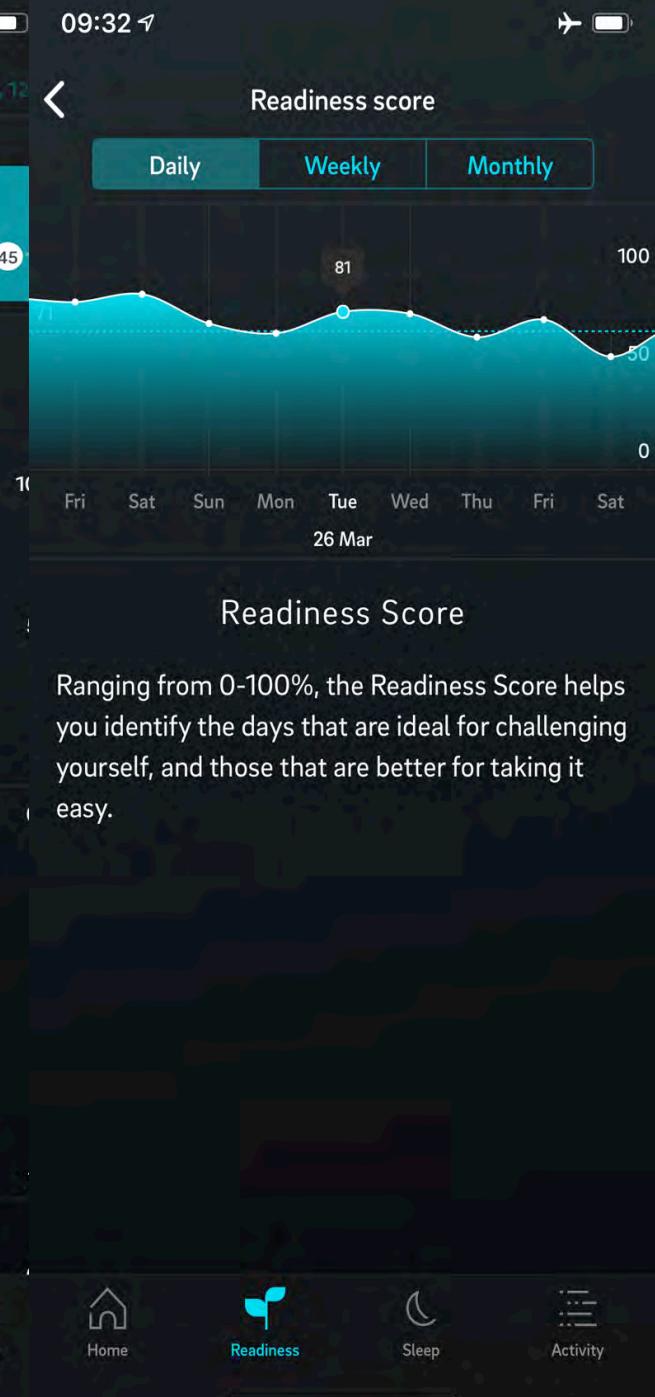
Resting heart rate

12:21 ↗

4G 12:21 ↗

09:32 ↗

4G



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...e não reabastecer o corpo devidamente – leva ao esgotamento das reservas Coenzima Q10, crómio, magnésio...

Are You Over-Exercising

EatHealthyLiveFit.com



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DIAGNÓSTICO PRECOCE

- O diagnóstico precoce e objectivo desta condição é **determinante para a melhor resposta terapêutica**, necessitando de uma vigilância forte da equipa multidisciplinar de apoio ao atleta.



Scotty, we need more power!

I'm givin' her all she's got captain!

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Obrigado!

TREINO DE ALTITUDE *-Para além do atleta*

JAIME MILHEIRO . MD, ABAARM



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